

# **Ver.3 Cryosphere Products**



## **Evaluation Summary**

Product	Release threshold	Standard accuracy	Target accuracy	Status <sup>*1</sup>	Evaluation Methods
Snow and Ice covered area (incl. cloud detection)	10%	7%	5%	$\bigcirc \Rightarrow \bigcirc$	Comparison with other satellites data (e.g. MODIS, VIIRS, Sentinel-3).
Okhotsk sea-ice distribution	10%	5%	3%	$\bigcirc \Rightarrow \bigcirc$	Comparison with other satellites data (e.g. MODIS, VIIRS, Sensinel-3).
Snow and ice surface Temperature	5К	2К	1K	$\bigcirc$	Comparison with in-situ observation (Automatic weather station thermal radiometer data) and other satellites data (e.g. MODIS, VIIRS Sentinel-3).
Snow grain sizeof shallow layer	100%	50%	30%	O	Comparison with in-situ data for the standard and target accuracy thresholds.

\*1 Symbols denote as follows;  $\bigcirc$ : the release threshold achieved,  $\bigcirc$ : the standard accuracy achieved,  $\checkmark$ : the target accuracy achieved.



GCØM-

## Validation results of Cryosphere products – SICE/OKID



- Version 3 Major changes and validation details

C1AB/SICE - Snow and Ice cover area algorithm

- Revised cloud detection/surface classification training data set using Neural network machine learning method
- All training data were simulated by DISORT radiative transfer model

C1C/OKID - Okhotsk sea-ice distribution algorithm

- Revised cloud detection/surface classification training data set using Neural network machine learning method communalize with C1AB
- All training data were simulated by DISORT radiative transfer model

Validation data for the C1AB/ SICE

- Snow area: MOD10C2 Snow Cover Extent Product
- Sea ice area\*: MOD29E1D Sea Ice Product

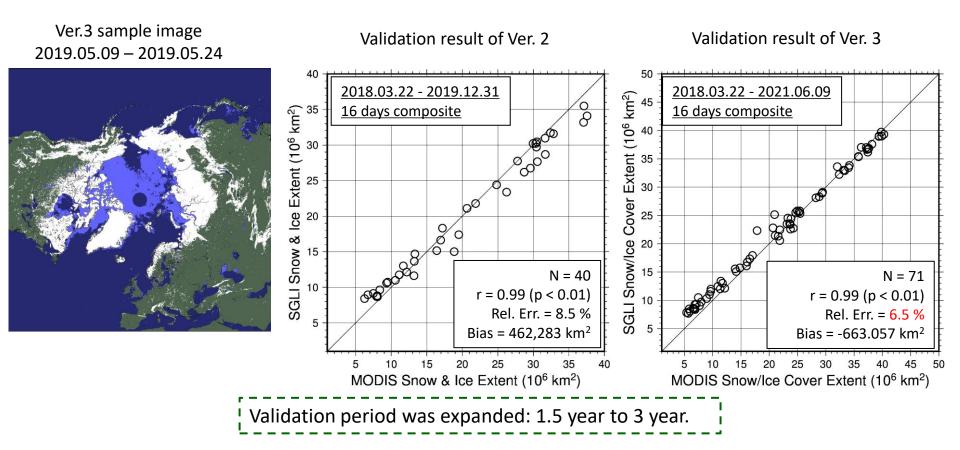
Validation data for the C1C/OKID

- Sea ice area\* : MOD29E1D Sea Ice Product

\*NSIDC defines sea ice exists in case of the ice fraction/ice concentration more than 15%.



- Snow and Ice cover extent product validation results using other satellite products



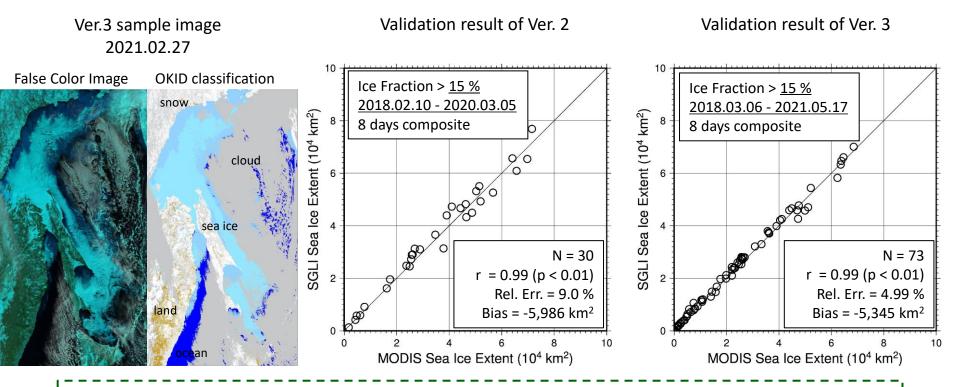
Validation result	Release accuracy	Standard accuracy	Target accuracy
Ver.2: 8.5 % (Mar. 2018 - Dec. 2019) Ver.3: 6.5 % (Mar. 2018 - Jun. 2021)	10 %	7 %	5 %

Accuracy improved and SICE product is achieved the standard accuracy



GCOM

#### - Okhotsk sea-ice distribution product validation results using other satellite products



1. Validation period was expanded: 2 season to 4 season.

2. Surface classification was improved from visual evaluation compared with False color image.

Validation result	Release accuracy	Standard accuracy	Target accuracy
Ver.2: 9.0 % (Feb. 2018 - Mar. 2018) Ver.3: <b>5.0 % (</b> Feb. 2018 - May. 2021)	10 %	5 %	3 %

Accuracy improved and OKID product is achieved the standard accuracy





#### - Version 3 Major changes and validation details

#### SGSL - Snow grain size of shallow layer

- Revised snow grain size estimation algorithm using Neural network machine learning method
  - Revised the training data set (BRDF data set) using Neural-net: improved inversion accuracy

#### SIST - Snow and Ice surface temperature

Revised the emissivity table

#### SALB - Broadband blue sky Snow ALBedo

- Add the direct retrieval of broadband blue sky snow albedo product as a research product
- Snow albedo estimation using Neural network machine learning algorithm same as snow grain size

#### Validation data for the SGSL

- Field campaign carried out on the Greenland Ice Sheet East-GRIP site (Jul. 2018), Japan/Hokkaido Nakasatsunai site (Feb. 2020), and JARE observation data (2019) on the Antarctic Ice Sheet Dome Fuji Site
- Surface Specific Area (SSA) measured by IceCube and HISSGraS and converted to optical equivalent snow grain size
- All data match-up conditions are in 10 minutes and 250 meters from nearest point of satellites

#### Validation data for the SIST

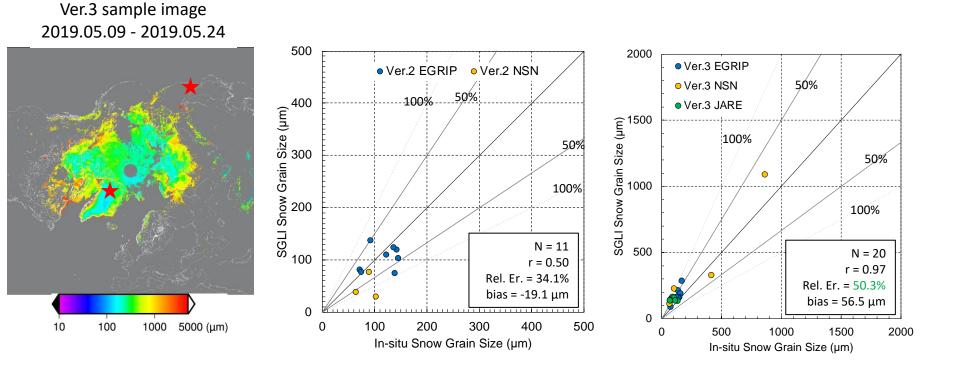
- Ground surface temperature was converted from Longwave radiation Flux observation by Automatic weather station (PROMICE)
- All data match-up conditions are in 10 minutes and 250 meters from nearest point of satellites

#### Validation data for the SALB

- Surface albedo was calculated from Downward and Upward shortwave radiation flux observation by Automatic weather station (PROMICE)
- All data match-up conditions are in 10 minutes and 250 meters from nearest point of satellites



#### - Snow grain size of shallow layer product validation results using in-situ observation data



Validation sites were added: around Dome Fuji site by JARE.

Validation result	Release accuracy	Standard accuracy	Target accuracy
Ver.2: 34 % (Greenland and Japan) Ver.3: 50 % (Added the Antarctica)	100 %	50 %	30 %

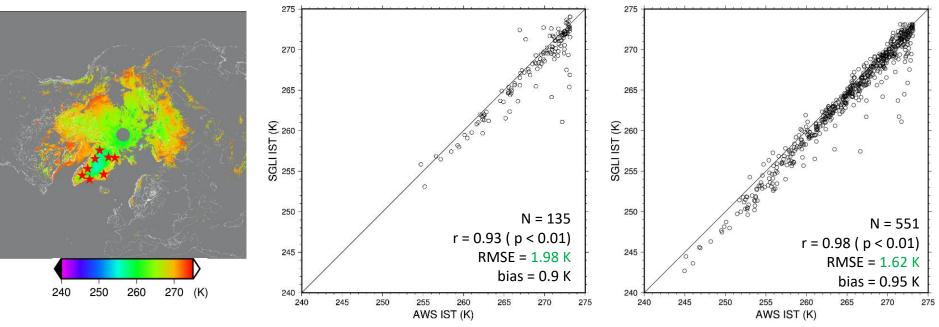
Retrieval became stable on wide region and SGSL product achieved the standard accuracy



GCØM

#### - Snow and Ice surface temperature product validation results using AWS observation data

Ver.3 sample image 2019.05.09 - 2019.05.24



Validation period was expanded: 2 years to 3 years.

Validation result	Release accuracy	Standard accuracy	Target accuracy
Ver.2: 2 K (GrIS: 2018 - 2019) Ver.3: <b>1.6 K (</b> GrIS: 2018 - 2020)	5 K	2 К	1 K

Accuracy improved and SIST product achieved the standard accuracy

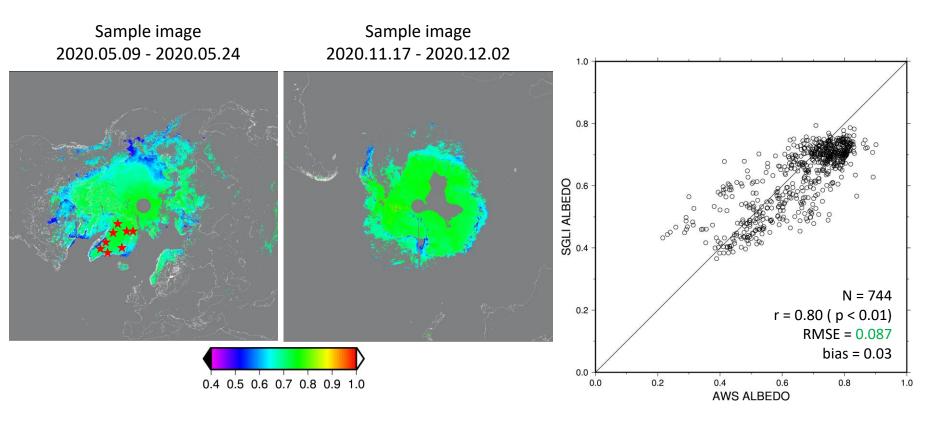


 $(\mathbf{C}_{\mathcal{O}})$ 

8

GCØM-





GCØM-(

9

GOM JAXA

Validation result	Release accuracy	Standard accuracy	Target accuracy
0.087 (13 %)	-	-	7 %

SALB product needs more in-situ data & quality control