Inter-comparison of multiple rainfall datasets derived from ground-base and satellite-base observations and inter-annual variations in water recycling in the atmosphere. (JAXA PMM7 PI No. 306)

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### Global Hydrological Cycle interannual and long-term changes

- Long-term changes and interannual variations of hydrological cycle on global scale.
- Global Warming => deaccelerate water circulation in the atmosphere (τ become larger; τ=PW/P; residual time in water vapor in the atmosphere)
  - We would like to investigate the changes in global hydrological cycle using observational datasets

### TO DO (for 3-yrs)

- To inter-compare various precipitation datasets, which were derived from various satellites and ground observations.
- Different sensors (radar, microwave imager, IR imager), algorithms.

## Evaluation of climatology by numerical models

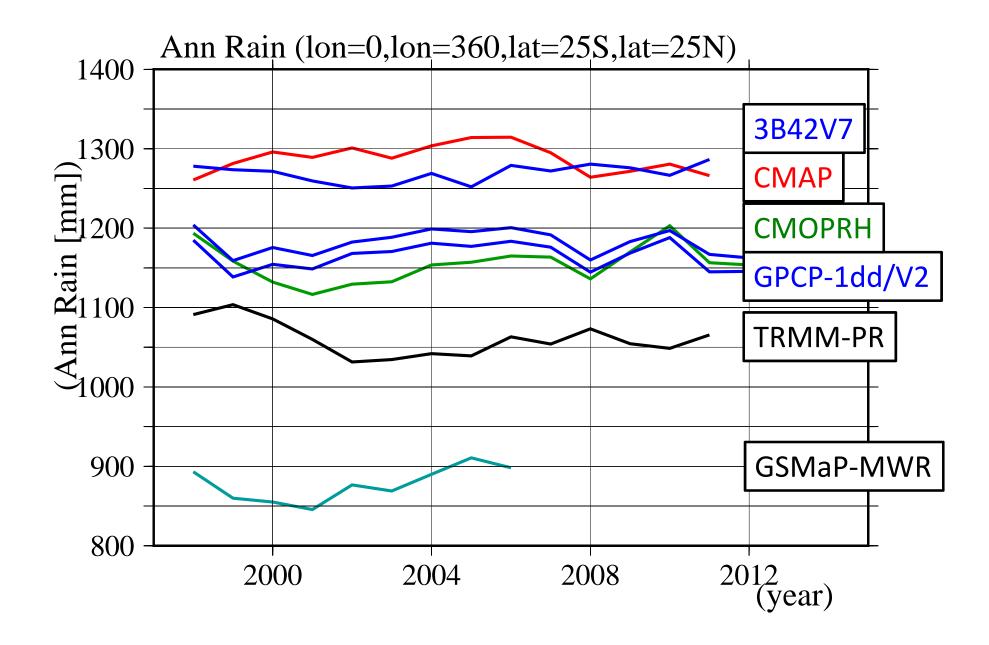
- Many precipitation products are provided by various agencies.
  - GSMaP
  - TRMM(many products)
  - GPCP
  - CMAP
- One of them are used for the evaluation of simulated precipitation by numerical models.
  - There are some discrepancies in precipitation over the Asian monsoon region (e.g., Sperber et al. 2013)

# Science interest: from the inter-comparison among the many several precipitation products

- To quantify the uncertainty among the precipitation products
  - Total amount, seasonal evolution, interannual variations, and their regionality
- To understand characteristics of cloudprecipitation systems
  - What kind of precipitation system has large uncertainty in precipitation estimation

## Tropical mean (25S-25N) Annual precipitation

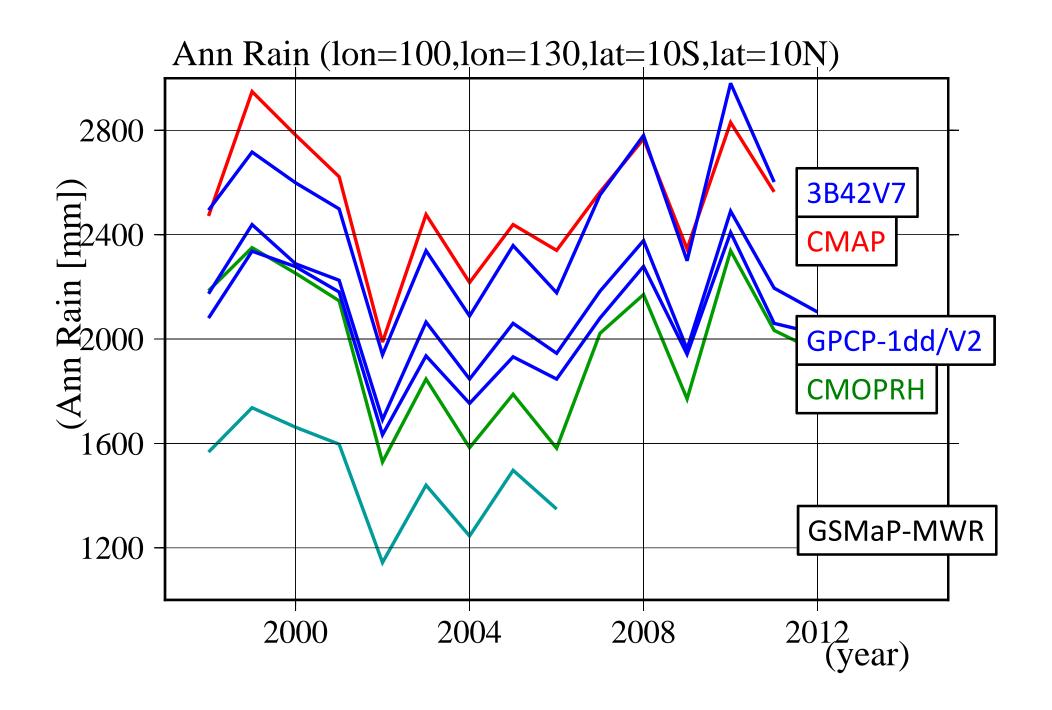
- Datasets
  - TRMM-PR V7 (only PR)
  - GPCP V2.2
  - GPCP 1DD V1.2
  - GSMaP MWR V484
  - TRMM 3B42 V7
  - CMOPRH V1.0
  - CMAP



#### Large discrepancy in total precipitation

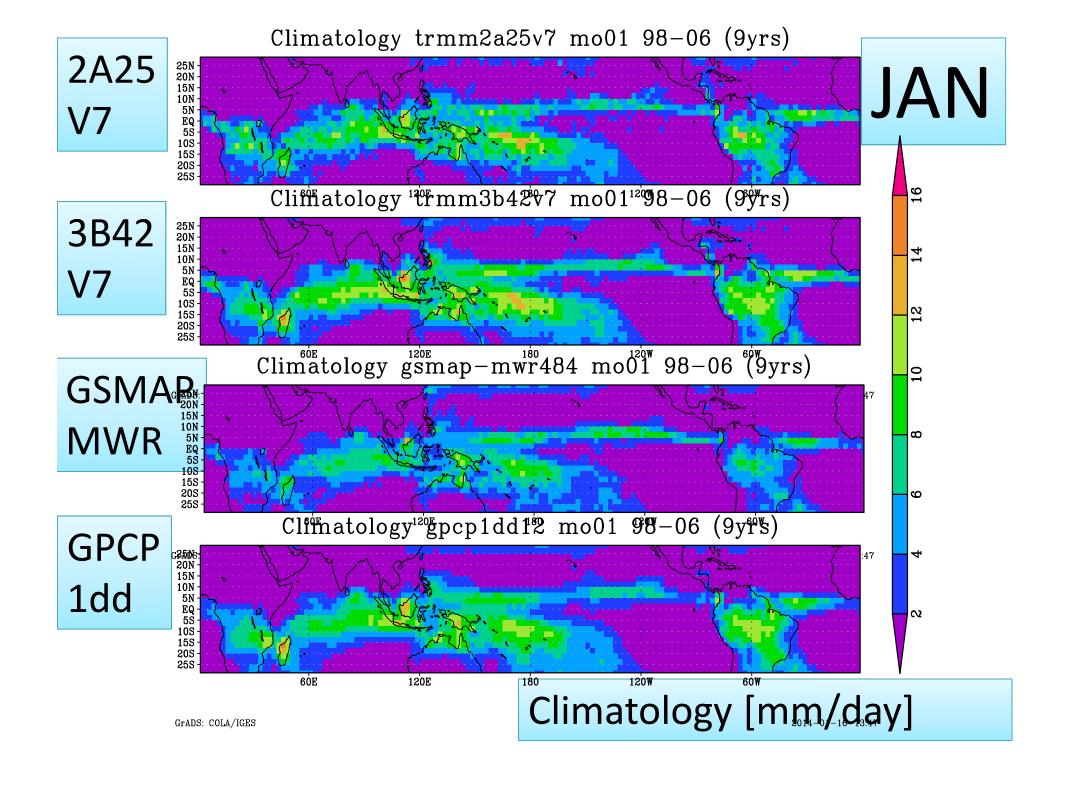
 Estimation of total precipitation is very difficult.

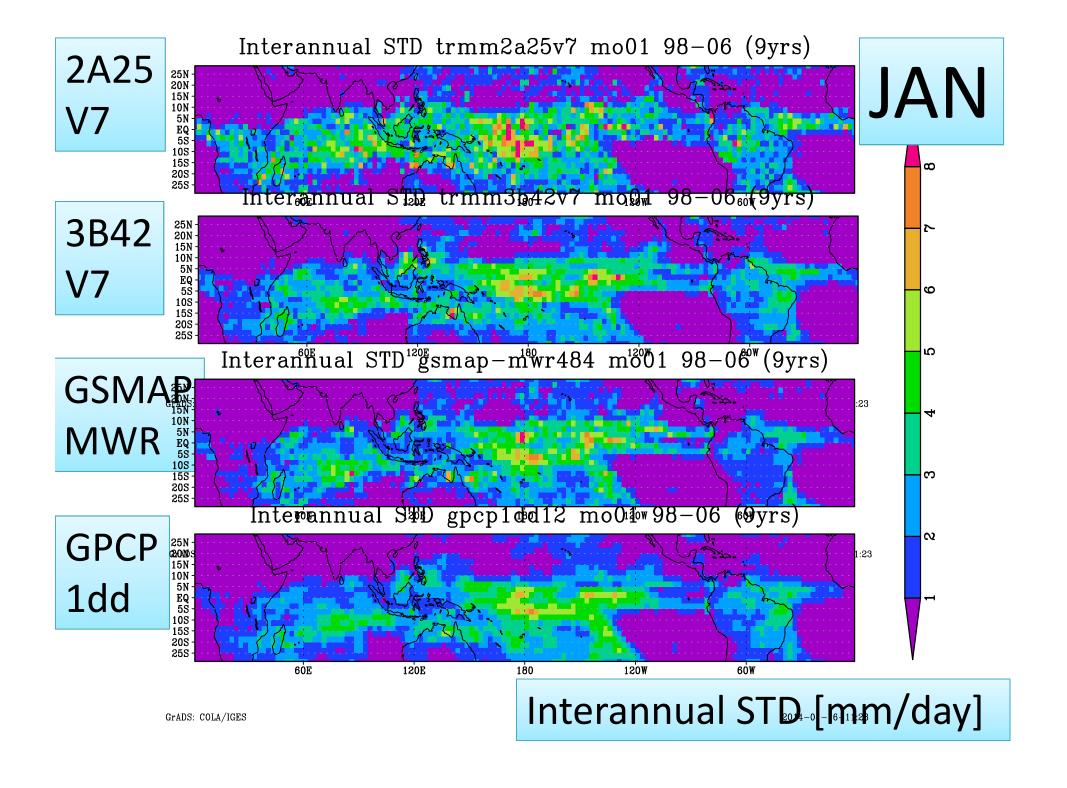
- Order of difficulty of precise estimation
  - Seasonal change < Interannual variation < longterm change < total precipitation</li>

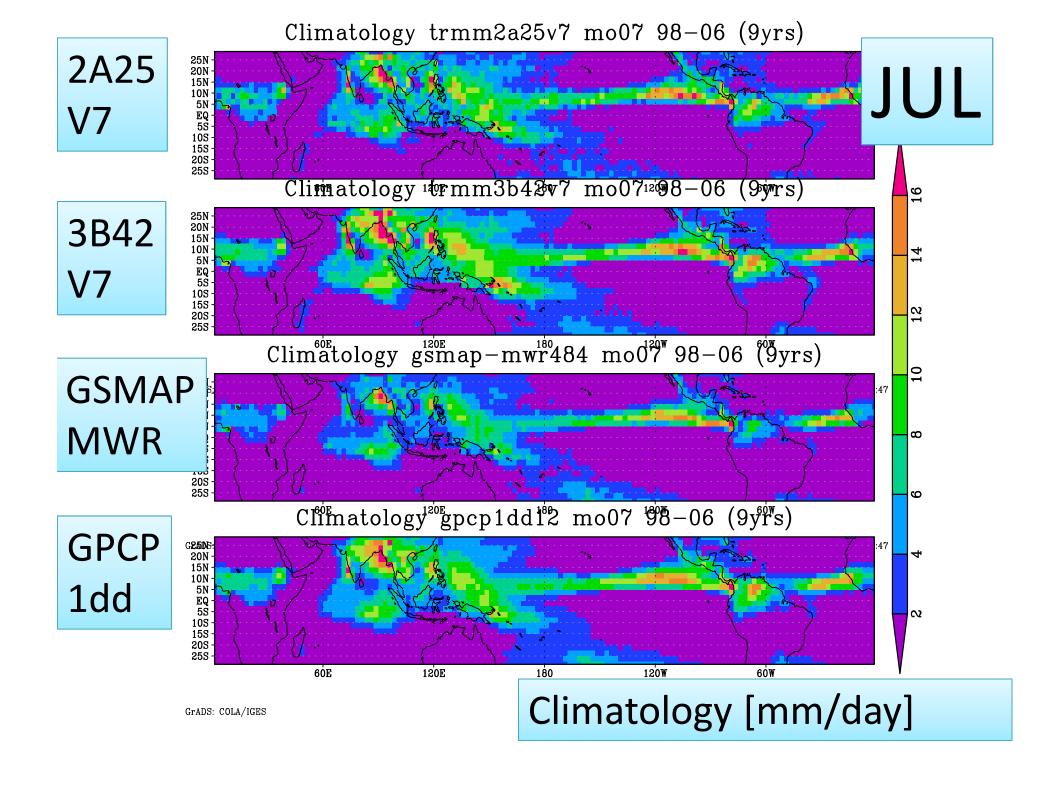


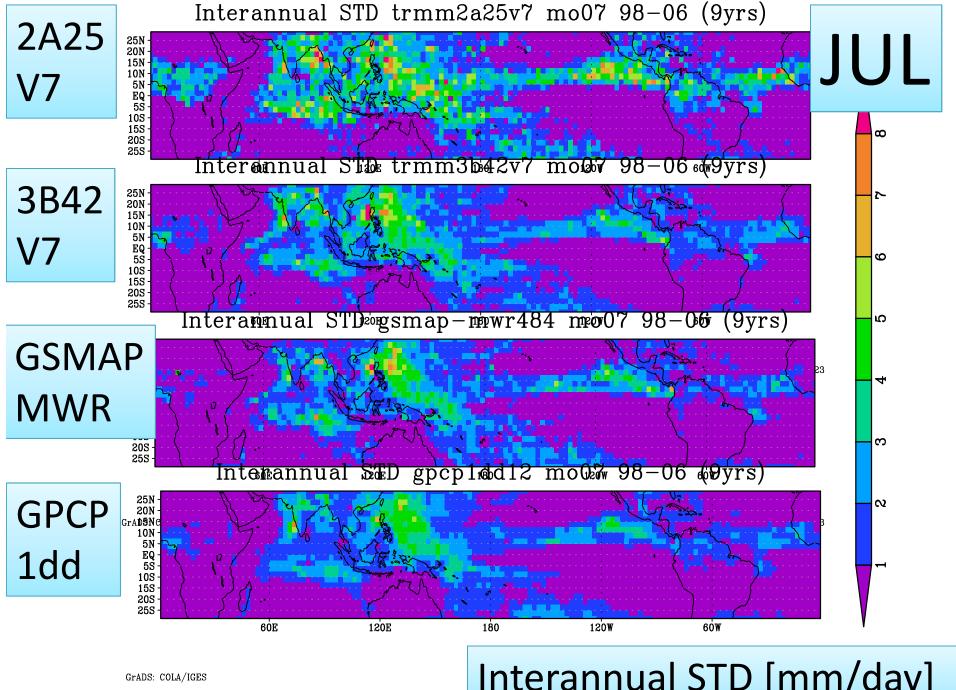
#### Interannual Standard Deviation

- To understand spatial difference in interannual variation in precipitation
  - Interannual STD was calculated
  - Grid size was unified as 2.5 degree x 2.5 degree









Interannual STD [mm/day]

### Summary

- We preliminarily inter-compared several precipitation datasets, focusing on an interannual time-scale.
- Particularly over land, systematic bias can be identified.
  - African Continent, Maritime Continent,
- Note that the biases can be found the major local rainy seasons,
  - although total precipitation is not so small.